



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier SHADE SYSTEM 2K SEALER - BLACK

Other means of identification

Product Code AV-8327-G

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Primer

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Aftermarket Auto Parts Alliance

Address 2706 Treble Creek
San Antonio, Texas 78258
United States

Telephone General Assistance 210-492-4868

E-mail product@alliance1.com

Contact person Dan Rader

Emergency phone number Emergency Contact 210-408-4343

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	65.96% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 75.36% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 81.91% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 81.91% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-Heptanone		110-43-0	5 to <10
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	5 to <10
Talc		14807-96-6	5 to <10
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	5 to <10
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	1 to <5
2-pentanone		107-87-9	1 to <5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		108-10-1	1 to <5
barium sulfate		7727-43-7	1 to <5
Calcium carbonate		1317-65-3	1 to <5
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	1 to <5
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate		763-69-9	1 to <5
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	1 to <5
Xylene		1330-20-7	1 to <5
1,2-Dimethylbenzene		95-47-6	0.1 to <1
Toluene		108-88-3	0.1 to <1
VM & P NAPHTHA		8032-32-4	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable levels			40 to <50

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe the mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	100 ppm 465 mg/m3	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	PEL	100 ppm 700 mg/m3	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	200 ppm 410 mg/m3	
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	PEL	100 ppm 5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	15 mg/m3 3.5 mg/m3	Total dust.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	100 ppm 710 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	150 ppm 15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
	TWA	20 mppcf	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	50 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	STEL	150 ppm	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	75 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
	TWA	150 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
	TWA	150 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	TWA	465 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	530 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
		300 mg/m3	
		75 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
	TWA	205 mg/m3 50 ppm	
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total Respirable.
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3 0.1 mg/m3	Total
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
	TWA	125 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
	TWA	200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3 100 ppm	
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves.
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Black Opaque.

Odor Solvent.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range 258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated

Flash point 71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) 1.1 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper (%) 7.9 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 688.17 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature 740 °F (393.33 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Density 10.64 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 55.37 %

Specific gravity 1.28

VOC 3.6 lbs/gal Material
4.5 lbs/gal Regulatory
429 g/l Material
545 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 2000 ppm, 48 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	6 g/kg
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	4600 ppm, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	4300 mg/kg
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12600 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	730 mg/kg
	Rat	1.67 g/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3.73 g/kg
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 16000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2080 mg/kg
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg 14.1 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	5320 ppm, 8 Hours 400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours 12200 ppm, 2 Hours 8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	3400 mg/l, 4 Hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 1190 - 1290 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Tubificid worm (<i>Tubifex tubifex</i>) 28.61 - 38.03 mg/l, 48 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (<i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>) > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon, silver salmon (<i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i>) 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

1,2-Dimethylbenzene	3.12
2-Heptanone	1.98
2-pentanone	0.91
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.31
Ethyl benzene	3.15
n-butyl acetate	1.78
Toluene	2.73
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information**DOT**

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, <u>S</u> -E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	Listed.
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	Listed.
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed.
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	Listed.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
	Delayed Hazard - Yes
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 to <5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	1 to <5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 to <5
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 to <5
1,2-Dimethylbenzene	95-47-6	0.1 to <1
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1 to <1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	6715
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	35 %WV
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	6715
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	594

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)
1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
barium sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)

Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)
 Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
 Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
 Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
 Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 8032-32-4)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)
 1,2-Dimethylbenzene (CAS 95-47-6)
 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
 Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed: November 4, 2011
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Listed: February 21, 2003
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	Listed: January 1, 1988
Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed: October 1, 1988
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed: September 2, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	Listed: March 28, 2014
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: August 7, 2009
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International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 10-21-2015
Version # 01
HMIS® ratings Health: 3*
 Flammability: 3
 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings

Health: 3
Flammability: 3
Instability: 0

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