

DATE: 01/13/96

5700 Fast Acrylic Lacquer Thinner

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

THIS MSDS COMPLIES WITH 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD)

IMPORTANT: Read this MSDS before handling and disposing of this product.

Pass this information on to employees, customers, & users of this product.

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCTS & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION / HAZARD RATINGS

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|---|
| PRODUCT IDENTITY: | Blend # 9511 5700 Fast Acrylic Lacquer Thinner | HEALTH RATINGS: | |
| COMPANY IDENTITY: | P.P.C., INC. | HEALTH (NFPA) = | 2 |
| COMPANY ADDRESS: | 1000 ARMORY PLACE BRANDENBURG, KY 40108 | HEALTH (HMIS) = | 3 |
| COMPANY PHONE: | 1-270-422-5561 | FLAMMABILITY = | 3 |
| CHEMTREC PHONE: | 1-800-424-9300 | REACTIVITY = | 0 |
| REGULATORY INFO. NO.: | 1-800-325-3751 | | |

SECTION 2. INGREDIENT & REGULATORY INFORMATION

All components of this product are on the TSCA list.

SARA Title III Section 313 Supplier Notification

This product contains the indicated <*> toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning & Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 & of 40 CFR 372. This information must be included in all MSDSs that are copied and distributed for this material.

| SARA TITLE III INGREDIENTS | CAS# | WT. % | (REG.SECTION) | RQ (LBS) |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|
| *Toluene | 108-88-3 | 50 | (311, 312, 313, RCRA) | 1000 |
| *Methanol | 67-56-1 | 19 | (311, 312, 313, RCRA) | 5000 |
| Light Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha | *64742-89-8 | Not Appl. | (311, 312) | None |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | Not Appl. | (311, 312) | 5000 |

SARA SECTION 311/312 HAZARDS: Acute Health, Chronic Health, Fire

| MATERIAL | CAS# | TWA (OSHA) | TLV (ACGIH) | HAP |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----|
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 200 ppm | 50 ppm | Yes |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | 200 ppm (s) | 200 ppm (s) | Yes |
| Light Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha | *64742-89-8 | 500 ppm (s) | 300 ppm (s) | No |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 1000 ppm (s) | 750 ppm (s) | No |

In addition to EPA Hazardous Air pollutants showing 'Yes' under "HAP" above, using manufacturers' data, based on EPA Method 311, the following EPA Hazardous Air Pollutants may be present in trace amounts (less than 0.1%) = Benzene, Mixed Xylenes, Ethylbenzene

| MATERIAL | CAS# | CEILING | STEL (OSHA/ACGIH) |
|----------|---------|------------|-------------------|
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | None Known | 250 ppm |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | None Known | 1000 ppm |

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: This product contains the following chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer & reproductive toxicity:
Benzene, Toluene

DOT SHIPPING NAME: Paint Related Material, 3, UN1263, PG II

DRUM LABEL: (FLAMMABLE LIQUID)

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

| MATERIAL | CAS# | LOWEST KNOWN LETHAL DOSE DATA LOWEST KNOWN LD50 (ORAL) |
|----------|----------|---|
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | 1000.0 mg/kg (Man) |
| | | LOWEST KNOWN LC50 (VAPORS) |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 5300 ppm (Mice) |
| | | LOWEST KNOWN LD50 (SKIN) |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 4000.0 mg/kg (Rabbits) |

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: 100 ppm (Evaporated Blend)

CONTAINS: TOLUENE, METHANOL, LIGHT ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA, ACETONE

DANGER!!

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE!! VAPORS CAN CAUSE FLASH FIRE

POISON!!

ACUTE HAZARDS

EYE & SKIN CONTACT:

Primary irritation to skin, defatting, dermatitis.

Absorption thru skin increases exposure.

Primary irritation to eyes, redness, tearing, blurred vision.

Liquid can cause eye irritation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

INHALATION:

Anesthetic. Irritates respiratory tract. Acute overexposure can cause serious nervous system depression. Vapor harmful.

Breathing vapor can cause irritation.

Acute overexposure can cause damage to kidneys, blood, nerves, liver & lungs.

Repeated exposure over TLV can cause blindness.

SWALLOWING:

Can be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Cannot be made non-poisonous.

POISON! Can cause irreversible nervous system damage & death.

Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Swallowing can cause abdominal irritation, nausea, vomiting & diarrhea.

SUBCHRONIC HAZARDS / CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED

CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED

Chronic overexposure can cause damage to kidneys, blood, nerves, liver, & lungs.

Persons with severe skin, liver or kidney problems should avoid use.

CHRONIC HAZARDS

CANCER, REPRODUCTIVE & OTHER CHRONIC HAZARDS:

This product has no carcinogens listed by IARC, NTP, NIOSH, OSHA, or ACGIH, as of this date, greater or equal to 0.1%.

This product may contain less than 1 ppm of Benzene.

Not considered hazardous in such low concentrations.

Absorption through skin may be harmful. Studies with laboratory animals indicate this product can cause damage to fetus.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT:

For eyes, flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes & get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

In case of contact with skin immediately remove contaminated clothing.

Wash thoroughly with soap & water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

(Discard contaminated shoes)

INHALATION:

After high vapor exposure, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY!

SWALLOWING:

Induce vomiting promptly using physician's instructions or by having patients stick finger down throat. After vomiting has been induced, give two teaspoonful of baking soda in a glass of water. CALL A PHYSICIAN. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have patient lie down & keep warm. Cover eyes to exclude light. Have patient lie down & keep warm. Cover eyes to exclude light.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE: 290 C / 555 F (Lowest Component)

LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT IN AIR (% by vol): 2.7

FLASH POINT (TEST METHOD): -16 C / 2 F (TCC) (Lowest Component)

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: Class I B

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

NFPA Class B extinguishers (Carbon Dioxide or foam) for Class I B liquid fires.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Water spray may be ineffective on fire but can protect fire-fighters & cool closed containers. Use fog nozzles if water is used.

Do not enter confined fire-space without full bunker gear. (Helmet with face shield, bunker coats, gloves & rubber boots).

Use NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

UNUSUAL EXPLOSION AND FIRE PROCEDURES

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE!! VAPORS CAN CAUSE FLASH FIRE

Keep container tightly closed.

Isolate from oxidizers, heat, sparks, electric equipment & open flame.

Closed containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat.

Applying to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

Empty container very hazardous! Continue all label precautions

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Stop spill at source. Dike area & contain. Clean up remainder with absorbent materials. Mop up & dispose of. Persons without proper protection should be kept from area until cleaned up.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Recycle or dispose of observing local, state & Federal health, safety & pollution laws. If questions exist, contact the appropriate agencies.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Vapors may ignite explosively & spread long distances. Prevent vapor buildup. Put out pilot lights & turn off heaters, electric equipment & other ignition sources during use & until all vapors are gone.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Isolate from oxidizers, heat, sparks, electric equipment & open flame.
 Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing of vapor or spray mist.
 Avoid contact with skin & eyes.
 Wear OSHA Standard goggles or face shield. Consult Safety Equipment Supplier.
 Wear gloves, apron & footwear impervious to this material. Wash clothing before reuse.
 Avoid free fall of liquid. Ground containers when transferring. Do not flame cut, saw, drill, braze, or weld. Empty container very hazardous! Continue all label precautions!

STORAGE

Vapors may ignite explosively & spread long distances. Prevent vapor buildup.
 Put out pilot lights & turn off heaters, electric equipment & other ignition sources during use & until all vapors are gone.
 Do not store above 49 C / 120 F. Store large amounts in structures made for OSHA Class I B liquids.
 Keep container tightly closed & upright when not in use to prevent leakage.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Ventilate to keep vapors of this material below 50 ppm. If over TLV, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134, use NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Consult Safety Equipment Supplier. Use explosion-proof equipment.

VENTILATION

| | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| LOCAL EXHAUST | = Necessary |
| MECHANICAL (GENERAL) | = Acceptable |
| SPECIAL | = None |
| OTHER | = None |

PERSONAL PROTECTIONS:

Wear OSHA Standard goggles or face shield. Consult Safety Equipment Supplier.
 Wear gloves, apron & footwear impervious to this material. Wash clothing before reuse.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL DATA

| | |
|--|--|
| APPEARANCE: | Liquid, Water-White |
| ODOR: | Ketone |
| BOILING RANGE: | 56 93 122 C / 133 201 252 F |
| GRAVITY @ 60 F: | |
| API: | 41.1 |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water = 1): | .820 |
| POUNDS / GALLON: | 6.830 |
| VOC'S (>0.44 LBS / SQ IN): | 100.0 Vol. % / 819.9 g/L / 6.829 Lbs/Gal |
| TOTAL VOC'S (TVOC): | 100.0 Vol. % / 819.9 g/L / 6.829 Lbs/Gal |
| NONEXEMPT VOC'S (CVOC): | 85.0 Vol. % / 701.1 g/L / 5.840 Lbs/Gal |
| HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS (HAPS) | 52.8 Wt. % / 428.3 g/L / 3.567 Lbs/Gal |
| VAPOR PRESSURE (mm of Hg) @ 20 C | 78.8 |
| NONEXEMPT VOC PARTIAL PRESSURE (mm of Hg @ 20 C) | 49.0 |
| VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1) : | 2.2 |
| WATER ABSORPTION: | Appreciable |
| SOLVENCY PARAMETERS: | |
| HKB (Hydrogen Bonding) : | 26.9 |
| PKB (Polarity) : | 37.1 |
| DKB (Dispersion) : | 35.9 |
| REFRACTIVE INDEX: | 1.427 |
| MIXED ANILINE POINT (Acid Insol) | 22 C / 72 F |

SECTION 10. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY

Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Isolate from oxidizers, heat, sparks, electric equipment, & open flame.

MATERIALS TO AVOID

Isolate from strong oxidizers such as permanganates, chromates, & peroxides.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide from burning.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur.

NOTICE

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